



THE LEAN WITHIN SCRUM

“What of Lean is already within Scrum?”



Reminder to me

I will send the PDF of the slides.

If I have your email address.

(Chat window or send me an email.)

With help from...

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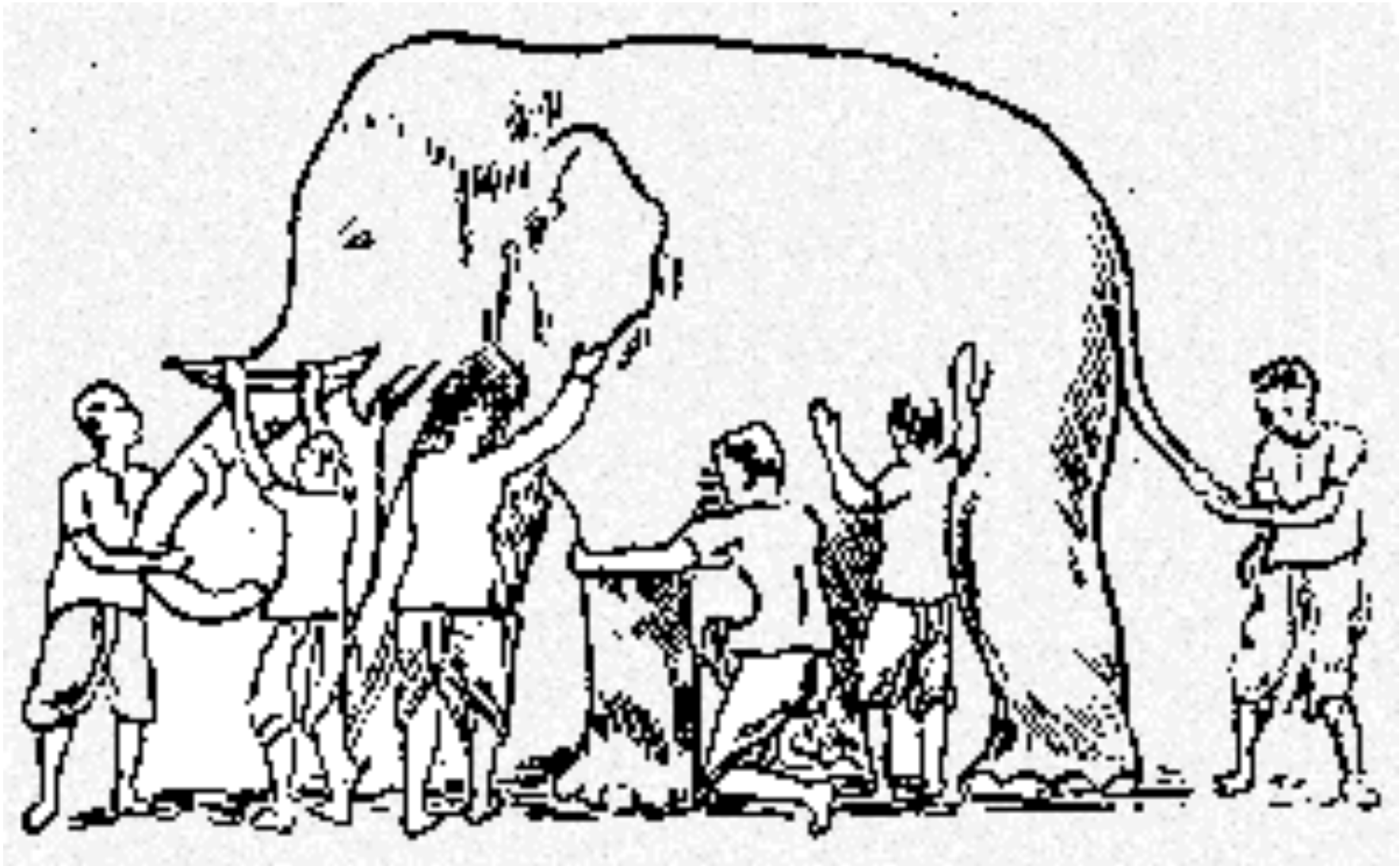
Attributions

- Taiichi Ohno
- Mary & Tom Poppendieck
- Takeuchi & Nonaka
- Jeff Sutherland
- Jim York
- Many others

Joe Little

- Agile Coach & Trainer
 - 20+ years in senior level consulting to well-known firms in New York, London and Charlotte
 - Focus on delivery of Business Value; interest in Lean
 - CST, CSP, CSM; MBA
 - CST since 2008
 - Was Senior Manager in Big 6 consulting
 - Head of Kitty Hawk Consulting, Inc. since 1991
 - Head of LeanAgileTraining.com
 - Started trying to do [Agile] before reading The Mythical Man-Month
-
- <http://leanagiletraining.com>
 - jhlittle@leanagiletraining.com





6 Blind Men and an Elephant

The key thing:
Knowledge creation as a team.

See: “The Concept of Ba” by
Takeuchi and Nonaka.

on [LeanAgileTraining.com](https://leanagiletraining.com)

Is this subject important?

- 2x improvement in velocity
- (times) 2x improvement in Business Value (per SP)
- You are NOT going to get this improvement quickly or easily. But you can, with heart and hard work. And learning.

What's the most important thing about Lean?

- Respect people?
- No one thing?
- Taiichi Ohno's attitude?
- Continuous Improvement?

What's the most important thing about Lean? (My choices)

- A willingness to see things “new” (this is hard)
- A willingness to try new things, to improve, to try experiments
- Seeing the whole (not sub-optimize a part); end-to-end
- Focus on “speed”

Mura, Muri, Muda

- Mura: Unevenness of flow
 - In Scrum, we get the small user stories to flow through the team.
- Muri: Overstressing the system
 - In Scrum, we want the team not to take on more story points than they can do
- Muda: Waste
 - In Scrum, we eliminate the impediments that cause waste

Flow

- The flow of single-pieces in fulfillment of the customer's request.
- The focus is on the consistent flow; process cycle time. Other things are much less important.
- Similarly, in Scrum, we want the flow of stories.

Do not over-stress

- The Scrum Team only takes into the Sprint what the Team thinks it can do.
- They work on one story at a time (or two people do).
- Only when that story is done, do they take on a new story. Focus.

Waste: In Scrum we work on “impediments”

- Working on impediments is our Kaizen.
- Anything that slows us down.
Anything that we can add to improve.
- The Team is expected to fine-tune “the process” to eliminate “non-value-added time.”

Kaizen / Continuous Improvement

- Stephen Covey says the biggest problem is not saying “too busy right now, I’ll do it tomorrow”
- How much change can your “system” take?

Kanban (& Scrum Board)

- Every Scrum Team should have a Scrum Board!
- Meaning of “Kanban”: Visual card, or signboard.
- Ohno created the use of kanban as one small means to attaining minimal inventory, and better flow.
- Idea borrowed from Piggly Wiggly.
- Implements a pull system.
- The Scrum board, with tasks and stories, is a basic version of a kanban board.

Work as a team

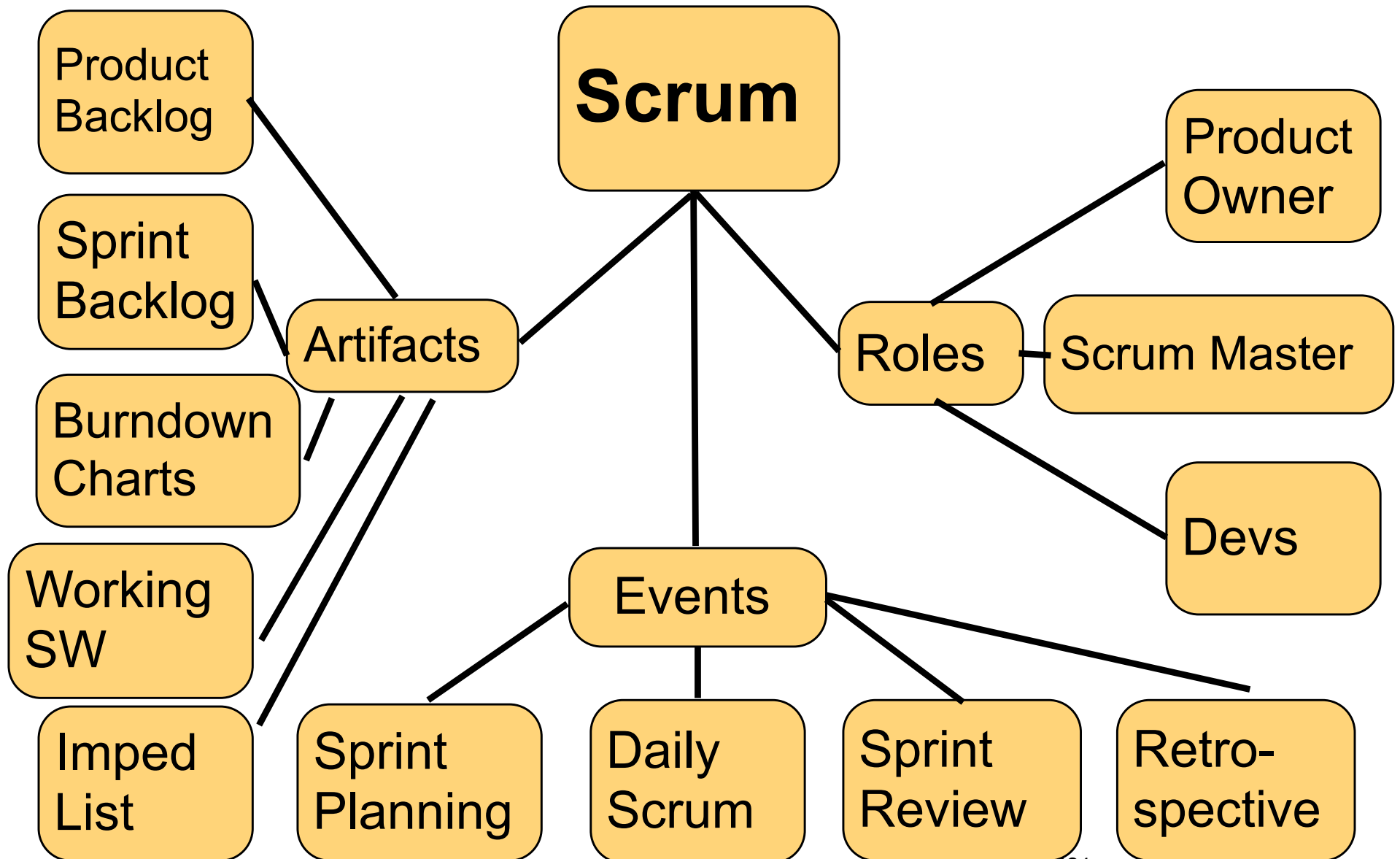
- Ohno uses the metaphor of a rowing team
- In Scrum we have a team of 7, plus/minus 2
- And we want the Team to self-organize, to reach their higher potential



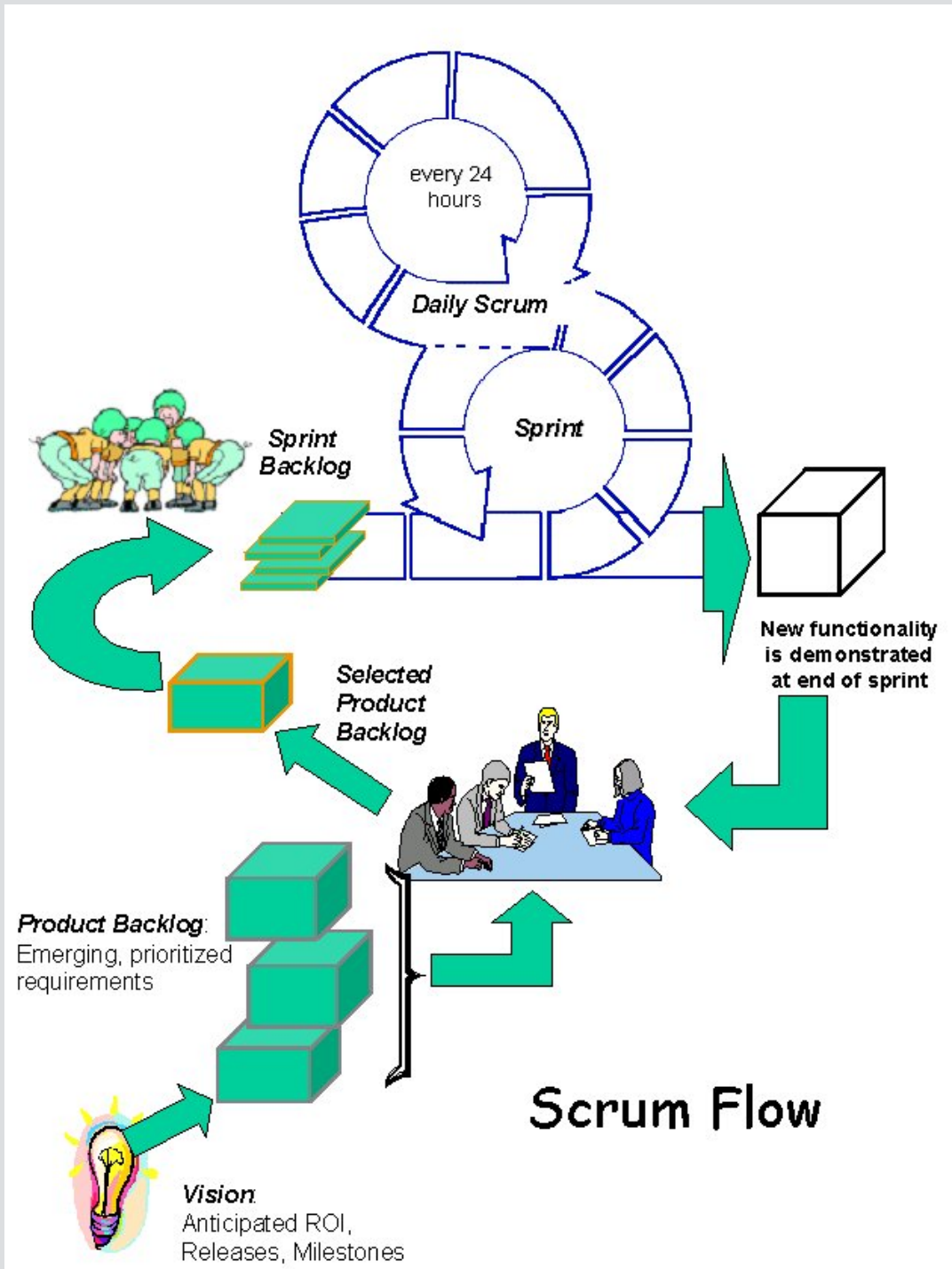
Team

- Ohno: The Team must continually improve their process.
- Scrum: Self-organize and self-manage.

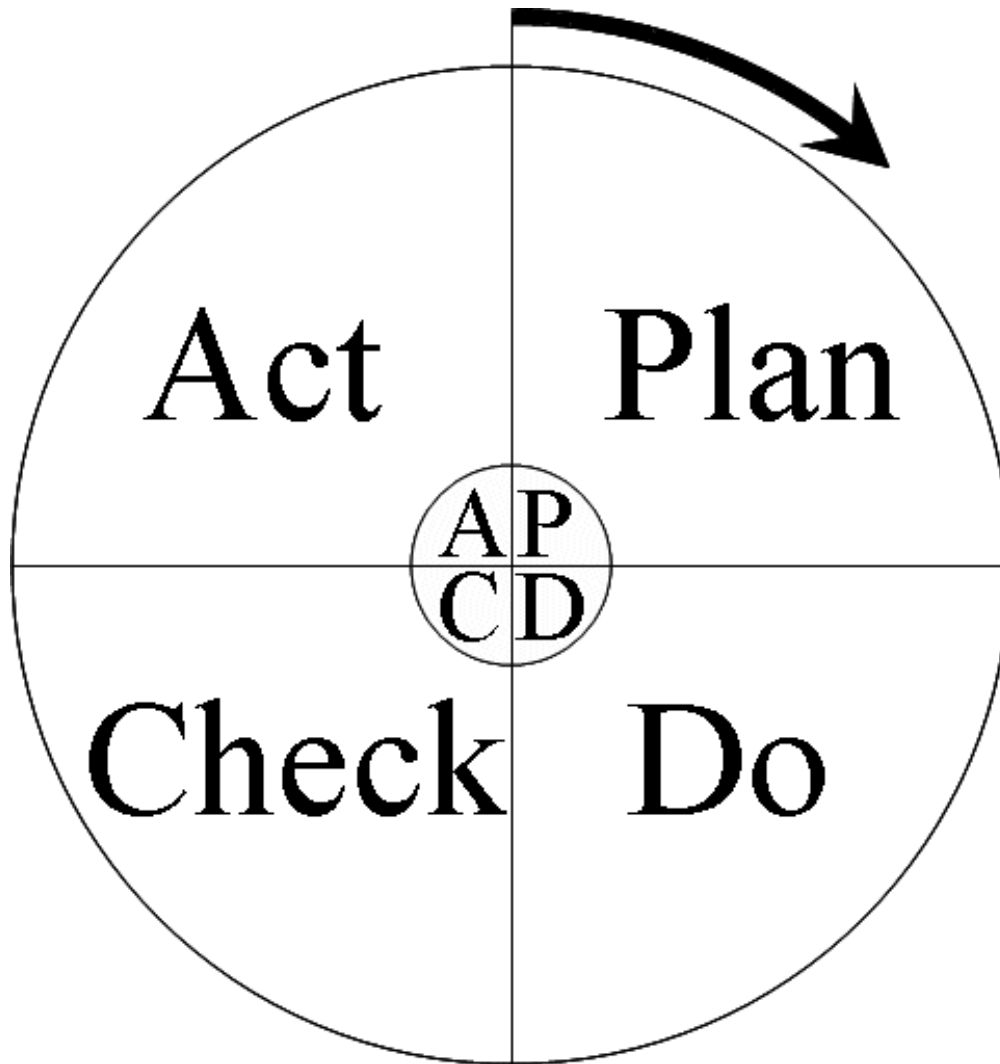
Scrum is a Simple Framework



1. What did you do yesterday?
2. What will you do today?
3. What got in your way?



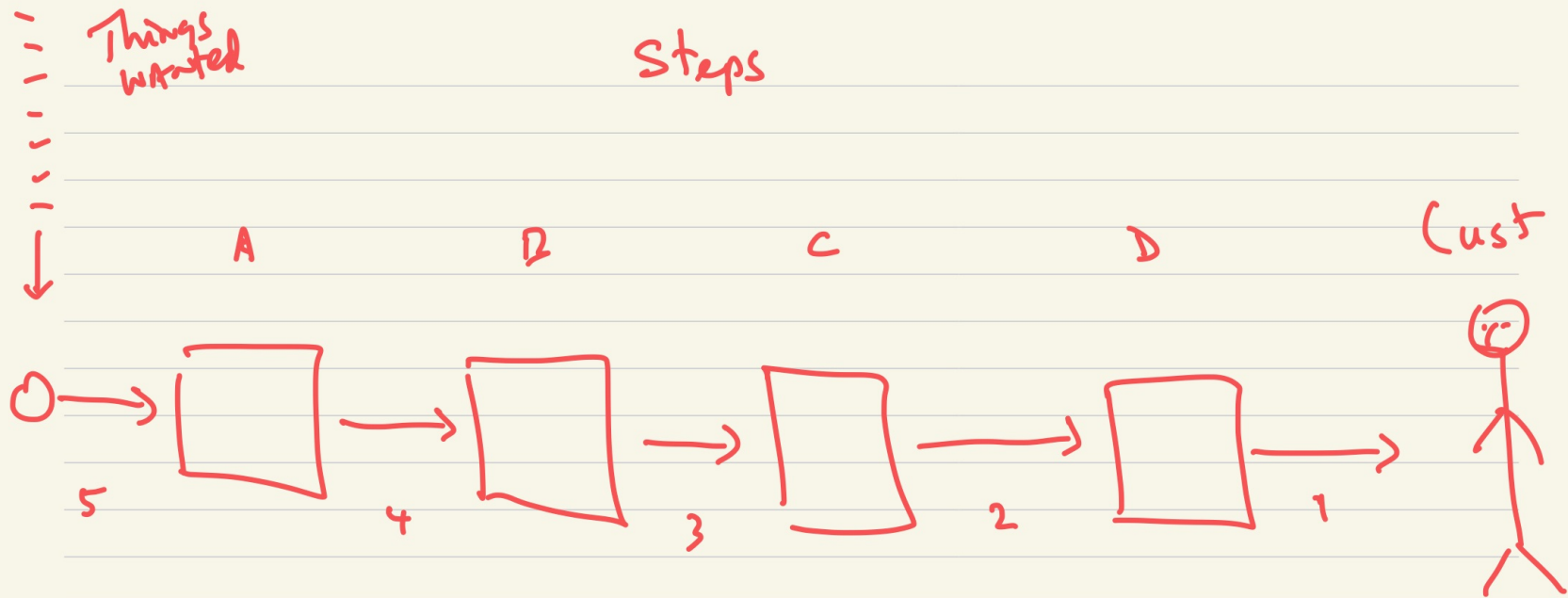
Make fact-based experiments



This is the
Deming Cycle

Is this Lean?

A Pull System



- only deliver what the customer wants
- deliver J-I-T!

Pull System

Toyota Production System; The Toyota Way

- Toyota and Taiichi Ohno recognized that fundamental attitudes were key.
- Hence: Toyota Production System
- Later: The Toyota Way.

A set of “Attitudes” (internalized)

- Scrum is a simple, basic set of “things” that must be adapted to the situation at hand.
- Not one thing, it is “The Scrum/Agile Way” that really counts.
- It is more than the bare framework.
- A team that is continuously improving.

Kaizen

Means: Small incremental, continuous change. Or little change items.

In English it is: continuous improvement.

Kaizen

- Means: Good change or improvement. Usually used to mean small continuous changes. So, “opposite” of Kaikaku, in a way.
- Scrum: Removing small impediments all the time via the Daily Scrum or the Retrospective.

Kaikaku

Means: Lean production term which in Japanese means radical overhaul of an activity to eliminate waste and create greater value. Also called breakthrough kaizen.

Use of Sensei

- For initial setup
- For ongoing improvements
- Sounds like a ScrumMaster or Agile Coach

Attitude

Watanabe (then President of Toyota): “There’s no genius in our company. We just do whatever we believe is right, trying every day to improve every little bit and piece. But when 70 years of very small improvements accumulate, they become a revolution.”

Minimize inventory (WIP)

- Toyota says that inventory is waste. Why?
- How fast does knowledge decay? Compared to a car?
- In Scrum, we also minimize inventory and work-in-process. BIG!!! (We do not talk about enough!!!)

What's this?



An airplane boarding pass is Kanban!

Kanban

- Meaning: Visual card, or signboard.
- Ohno created the use of kanban as one small means to attaining minimal inventory, and better flow.

Genchi Genbutsu

- Meaning: “Go and see for yourself”. Also, more loosely: “Don’t manage from behind the desk”
- This is similar to the Scrum team self-organizing.
- In Scrum, we want the managers to come to the Team room, and see what is really happening there

Go to the Gemba



“Half of what we know is wrong”

- This is a quote from Taiichi Ohno’s book “Workplace Management”
- The idea is that, to change, we must take the attitude that half of what we take as true is wrong
- And, thus, we must relentlessly pursue perfection. Ex: shown concretely in Scrum by the never-ending removal of impediments

Stop the line culture

- The Toyota culture says “as soon as we find a problem, we must fix it”. And by stopping to fix the root cause, they get very fast.
- Fixing the root cause improves the cycle time to customer satisfaction.
- Scrum does this partly by a high standard for “definition of done”. And by an insistence that the Team never “dig a hole” of Technical Debt.

Stop the line culture - 2

- No bug escapes the Sprint.
- Impediments mentioned every Daily Scrum. (Maybe a “process” defect)
- Strong use of the Retrospective.
- Every problem is an opportunity to improve.

The 5 Whys.

A direct approach to root cause analysis.

Then: fix the most important root cause.

Defer commitment

- This is a lean phrase attributed to the Poppendiecks.
- Meaning: Don't commit (decide) until the last responsible moment. (When you know more.)
- Example: Set-based innovation

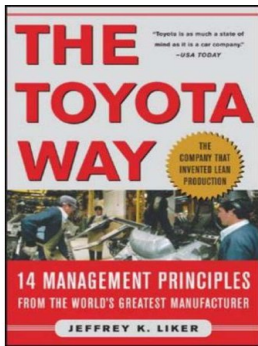
Key Terms

- Just-in-time*
- Kaizen*
- SMED (Single minute exchange of die)
- Poka-Yoke*
- Production leveling
- Mura, muri, muda*
- Workcell*
- Andon*
- Genchi Genbutsu*
- Gemba*
- 5 Whys*
- Pull system*
- Value stream map
- Optimize cycle time*
- TPS; The Toyota Way*
- “relentless pursuit of perfection”
- one-piece flow*
- visual management*
- zero inventory*
- challenge everything*
- respect for people*
- make the process visible*
- stop the line culture*

The essence?

“The essence of [the Toyota system] is that each individual employee is given the opportunity to find problems in his own way of working, to solve them and to make improvements.”

Wakamatsu & Kondo



Toyota Way: Learn by Doing

Fujio Cho, Board Chairman

- We place the highest value on actual implementation and taking action. *Agile Principle #1*
- There are many things one doesn't understand, and therefore we ask them why don't you just go ahead and take action; try to do something? *Agile Principle #3, #11*
- You realize how little you know and you face your own failures and redo it again and at the second trial you realize another mistake ... so you can redo it once again. *Agile Principle #11, #12*
- So by constant improvement ... one can rise to the higher level of practice and knowledge. *Agile Principle #3*

"Anyone who has never made a mistake has never tried anything new." Albert Einstein

What is the goal?

Lean thinkers reason this way:
“By greatly reducing the cycle time from customer identification of need until the need is satisfied (and we get the cash), we learn to give the customer better, more, faster, and cheaper.”

The flow of the car, not the busyness of workers

For us: “The cycle time of the story, not whether each person is fully occupied.”

What's the foundation?

- ◆ The Toyota Way
- ◆ Managers–teachers imbued with Lean Thinking

- ◆ You cannot “phone in” your support for The Toyota Way

What is “respect for people”?

- ◆ Challenging
- ◆ Listening
- ◆ Demanding
- ◆ Asking
- ◆ Testing
- ◆ Let them devise their own work methods, so they own them, and then can improve them

Respect

We, as managers, respect them enough to argue with them. (And are humble enough about our own brilliance.)

Standardize the work

“Standardize work” (write down or draw how you do things)

- important
- mis-understood

...so the standards are easier to change (and will be changed)

Visual Management

Make things visual...Andon boards, etc.

Similar to Poka-Yoke (mistake-proof)

Preferred Scrum board style

Story	To Do	Tests Ready	In Process	To Verify	Hours
A user can... 5	Code the ... 8 Code the ... 5 Test the ... 6	X	Code the ... SC 6 Code the ... DC 4	Code the ... LC 2	31
A user can... 2	Code the ... 8 Code the ... 5				13
A user can... 3	Code the ... 3 Code the ... 6	X	Code the ... MC 4		13

3 roles

- Product owner
- Scrum master
- Team

3 artifacts

- Product backlog
- **Sprint backlog**
- Sprint burndown

4 activities

- Sprint planning
- Daily scrum
- Sprint review
- Retrospective

Source: Mike Cohn www.mountaingoatsoftware.com

Sprint burndown chart

Burndown

3 roles

- Product owner
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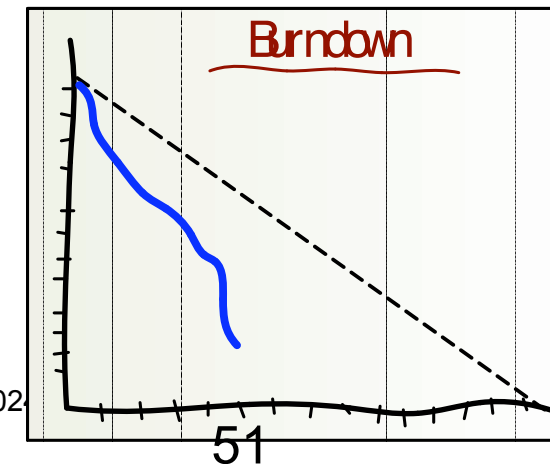
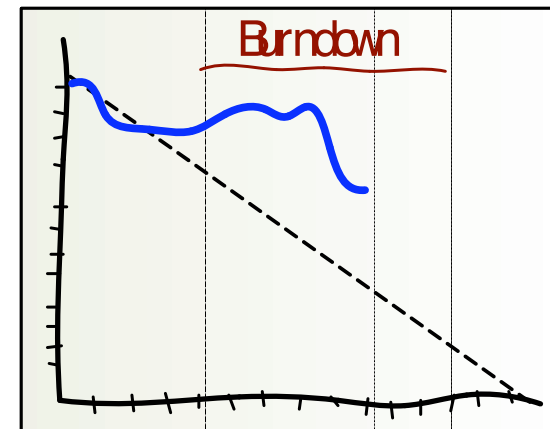
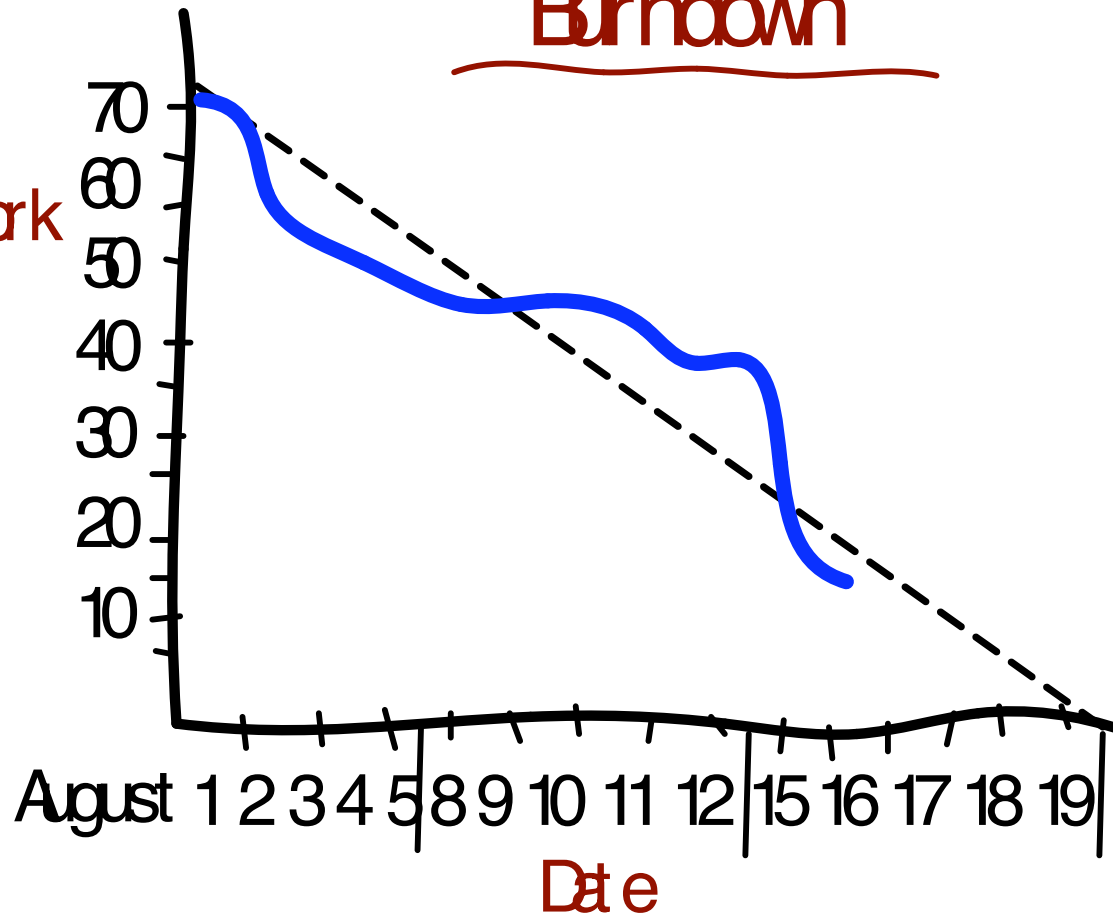
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Estimated work remaining



Poka-yoke

Not ‘idiot-proofing’, but
‘mistake-proofing’

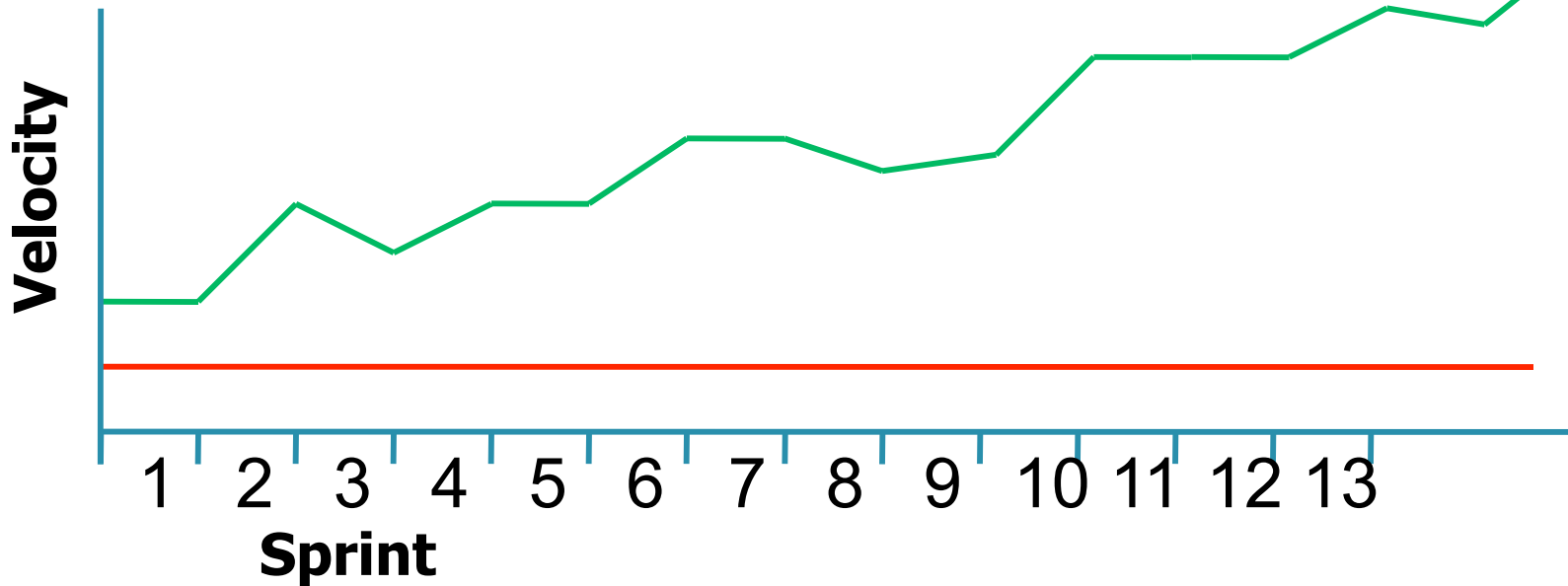
In standard Scrum: The Daily
Scrum, and basic “keep it stupid
simple”

How does one learn process improvement?

- Learn by doing. Practice, practice, practice.
- Who does it? Everyone.
- How often? Always, all-the-time. (Part-time.)
- Is it chaos? No. There are rules. Changes must be reviewed.

Sprint retrospective

Long term effect



3 roles

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3 artifacts

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- Sprint burndown

4 activities

- Sprint planning
- Daily scrum
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- Retrospective

— Effective velocity over time
(with retrospectives)

— Effective velocity over time
(without retrospectives)

A Key Goal

- Just-in-time knowledge creation
- Just-in-time knowledge delivery

- This also means:
MINIMIZE WORK-IN-PROCESS

A Key Goal

- Toyota generally wants to be 4x the industry average
- Scrum wants similar for software dev teams.

Action

I hope you will take one or two of these ideas, and start acting on it or them tomorrow.

What we did not discuss...

- How the Product Owner, starting with the Pareto idea, can improve our productivity (in a different sense).
- Maybe not part of Lean?

Questions?



The Test

- What will you act on first?
- How could this be improved?
- Thanks!

Contact Info

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