

Agile Release Planning — Context and Basics

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Before I forget...

- I will send you the link for the PDF of the slide deck.
- Options:
 - You know I have your email
 - Add to Chat
 - Send me an email:
info@LeanAgileTraining.com
- Then: I'll send the link.



ARP Workshop

- For years, I have done a ONE DAY ARP Workshop.
- We cover all of this content in an Agile Release Planning workshop.
- Often in-house (or public).
- Both ideas, and **practice** doing it with **real work** (maybe your project).
- People say: “should be required”, “essential”.



Program - 1

- Intro
- Why Planning? — Pros & Cons
- Some Context — 6 Months
- How Much Do We Know?
- Planning Helps Us Learn
- The Context of Project Portfolio Planning
- Key Ideas
- What's changed?
- Some actions!
- Questions?



Caveat

- “Don’t believe half the lies they tell about me.” Yogi Berra
- “In theory, there’s no difference between theory and practice. In practice, there is.” Yogi Berra
- We make the ideas specific.
- Recommend: 6 months, 7 people, 1 day, etc.
- You have to use common sense and apply the specific ideas in your (different) situation.
- Still, they are likely good suggestions.



Why Planning?

("Cons")

- No one knows the future.
- The customers don't really know what they want.
- We don't know everything!
- Change will happen.
- Stuff happens.
- Changes in direction. YAGNI
- Estimates are dodgy (at best).
- They will punish us!



Why Planning? (Pros)

- We must.
- A failure to plan is a plan to fail.
- *“In preparing for battle I have always found that plans are useless, but planning is indispensable.” Eisenhower.*
- Planning helps us LEARN.
- Planning helps us adapt later.
- The Team becomes motivated.
- We find out who we are, what we know.

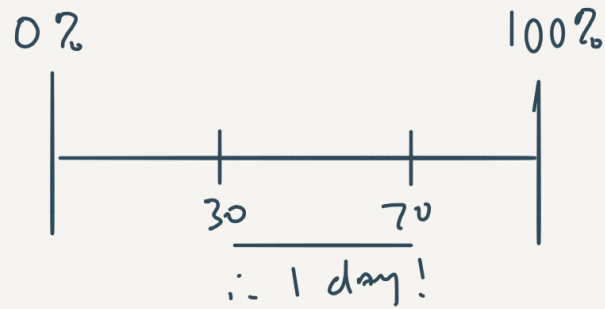
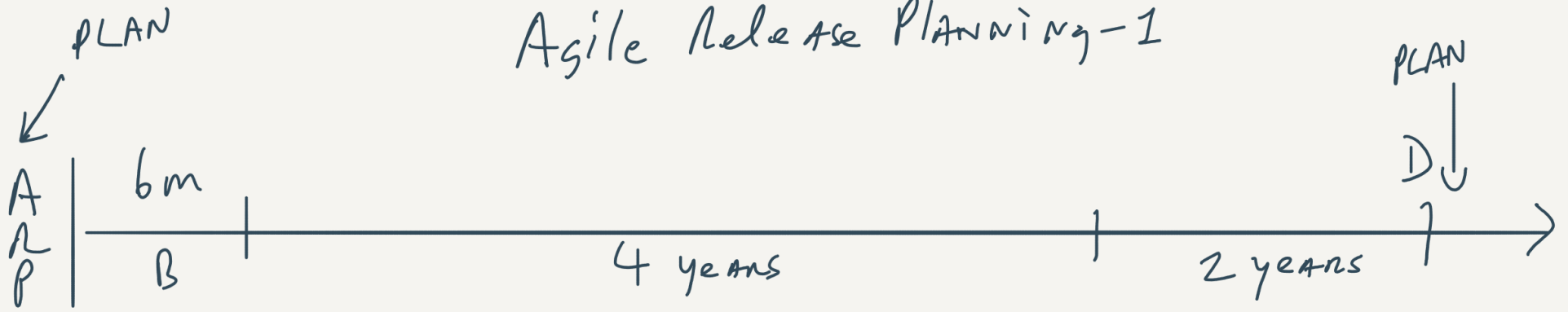


Context: As small as possible

- 6 months
- Vision can be accomplished
- Multiple releases in that time
- Why?
 - More digestible
 - Better learning because enough and not too much (e.g., tedious)

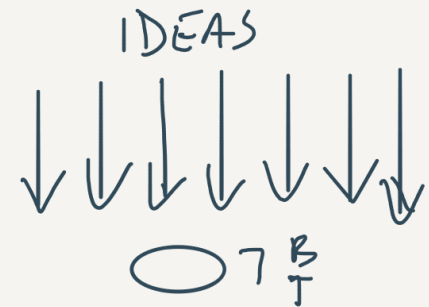


Agile Release Planning-1

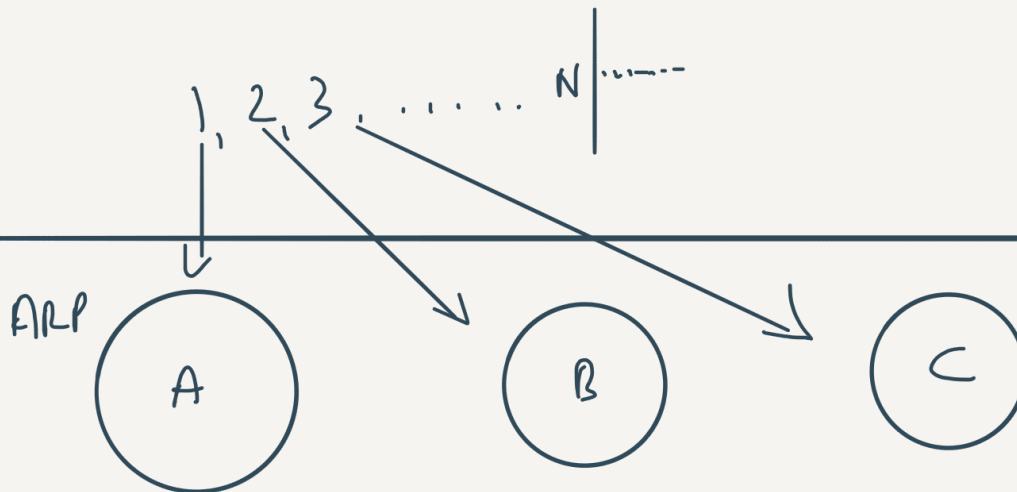


Level 1

$$f\left(\frac{b}{c}, t, x, z\right)$$



Level 2



Now — Some more ideas.
The theory of planning

How Much Is Known?

- Not 100%.
- Not 0%.
- My guess? 30% to 70% of “useful” knowledge about future
- So... how long to do the *initial* plan?
- We work (think/learn) only 1 day up-front, AND you need to continuously re-plan.



Learning

- Planning is about Learning
- In all 18 useful domains.
- And about the Future
- “We are chasing the tail of change.”



Context: Organization Planning

- The “upper level” folks always (?) do planning — usually of the project portfolio.
- Yes, it can be more complex...
- Usually there are many problems between what your organization should do and what it currently does.



Key Ideas — 1

- The work must be important.
- The steering committee estimates quickly.
- Usually **estimates** a scope-date-budget.
- They should try to inspire us.
- We should be able to say “not my thing.”
- The team should (re)estimate (scope - date - budget).
- They should expect our estimate to be ... less **inaccurate**.

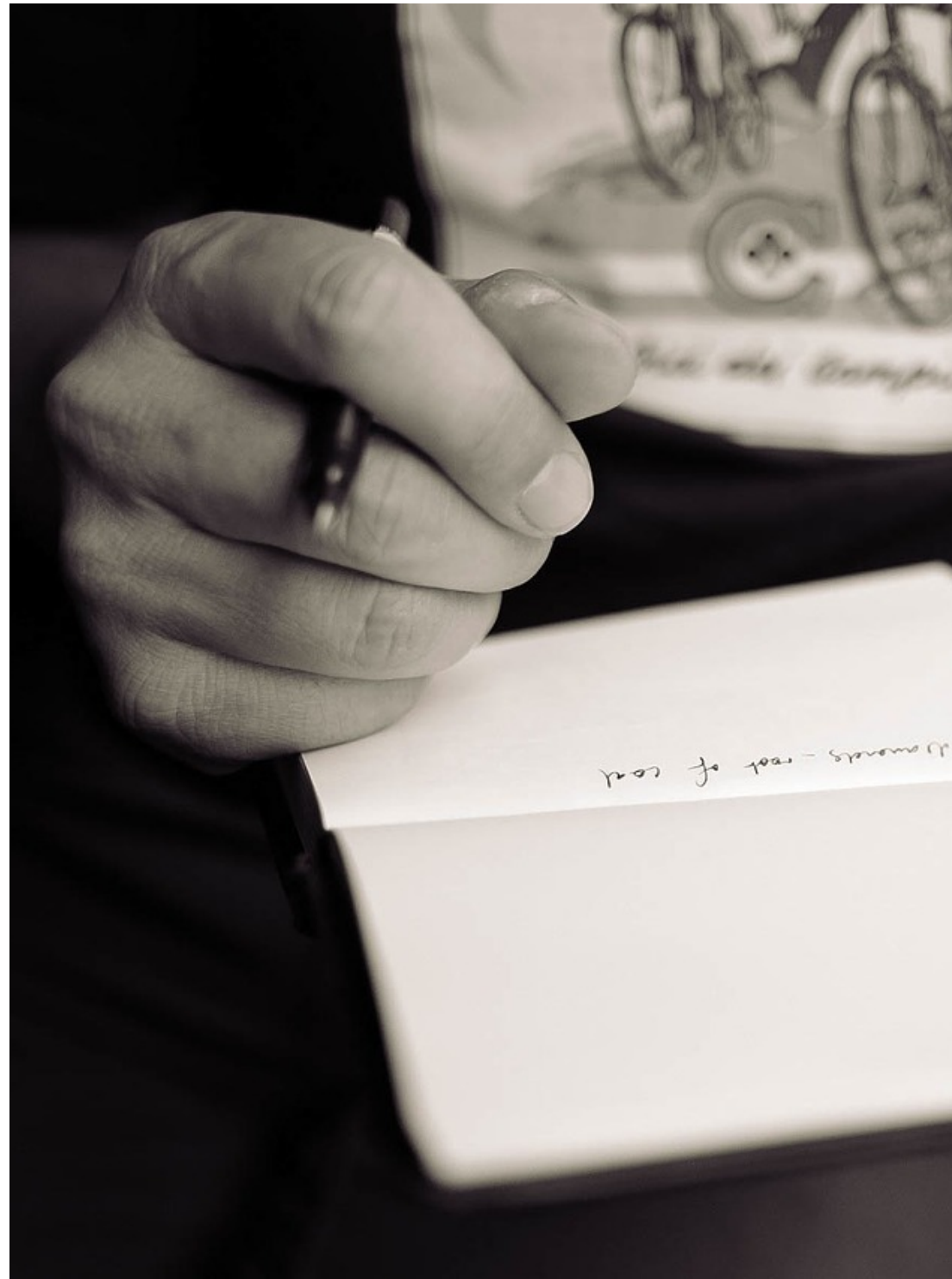


A Slight Distraction

- ***“To predict is difficult, particularly of the future.”*** —Yogi Berra
- ***“Everybody’s got a plan until they get punched in the mouth.”*** —
Mike Tyson
- ***“The best laid schemes of mice and men oft go awry.”*** —Robert Burns
- ***“Let’s treat them as if they were real people.”***
- ***“People are remarkably good at doing what they want to do.”***
—Joe Little
- ***“You live, you learn. You love, you learn.”*** —Alanis Morissette
- ***“The future ain’t what it used to be.”*** —Yogi Berra

Key Ideas — 2

- We are all *human*.
- Their estimate is worse than ours.
- Our initial estimate is not so good either.
- We prioritize our stupidity and actively get smarter in the better places.
- You learn faster from action than from thinking in the clouds.



Key Ideas — 3

- We do the best we can within a time-box. Then we observe and **improve**.
- We improve the plan iteratively and incrementally.
- We improve it as...
 - We get smarter
 - The customer gets smarter
 - Good change happens
 - Bad change happens
 - We improve our process



Old vs. New

- **Old:** “Stick to the dang plan! Suck it up, buttercup.”
- **New:** “You folks have been getting smarter for 2 weeks. So, of course you can change the plan. What’s the new plan look like now?”
- And the new plan can be BETTER!



How or Why Better?

- We do less stupid.
 - **Ex:** We don't build the wrong things as much.
- We improve our Velocity.
- We adapt to change better.
- More BV by the same date.
- We get better at mining the gold-platinum-diamonds only.
- We release earlier (with less?).
- We learn from feedback.
- 7 heads are better than 1!



Changes In Latitudes, Changes In Attitudes...

- Night and day difference.
- We use planning in a totally different way.



Goals for the 1 Day

- Get them all on the same page.
- The Big 3:
 1. They all see the same elephant.
 2. They all are more motivated.
 3. They all have shared (more of) the tacit knowledge.



5 Actions

1. Change attitudes.
2. Get more clarity on how important this new “project” is.
3. Build the team’s initial plan in 1 day.
4. Give initial feedback.
5. Start iterating (start doing real work and learning.)



Now — the Day itself
The practice (suggested)

Program - 2

- Introduction
- We walk through the day of Agile Release Planning
- Conclusions
- Questions?



Introduction

- Now I want to talk in a practical way that makes it more concrete.
- To do that clearly, we need a relatively simple situation.
- *Therefore, we will take 1 team of 7 people and look at their work for 6 months (best guess).*



Introduction (cont.)

- We want them to be engaged the whole time, contributing and also learning from one another.
- They learn better if they are engaged.
- Make it a game, as much as possible.
- Everyone has some pieces to the puzzle. To share.
- Everyone can ***learn.***



Idea: Quickly

- We are doing the ARP in 1 day only, and really for only about 6 hours of work. (Yes, good breaks, too.)
- So, it's not a lot of time.
- Do they know everything on Day Zero? **No!**
- “Shut up and drive.” (Cf. Rihanna).
- We will revise and improve as we get smarter (every Sprint).



Quickly (cont.)

- We do the best we can with what we know today.
- Quickly!
- Then we can prioritize our stupidity as a group (team)...
 - And learn!
 - And revise!



Why So Simple?

- Why use such a simple situation?
- **First:** It is NOT so simple.
- **Second:** It should be at least this simple.
- **Third:** It's hard to learn if not a simple situation.
- **Fourth:** We rely on the Group to take the learnings and apply them appropriately.



Preamble

Assume that:

- A manager has given the Scrum Team a set of work.
- The work is expected to be for 1 team of 7 people — about 6 months of work (best guess).
- We have this team of 7 plus 4 Business Stakeholders.
- We have organized the day. Typically in about 3 days everyone can meet. Collocate (I recommend).



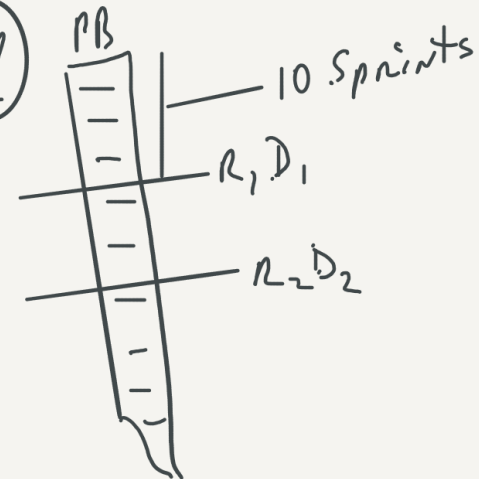
ST-7

+

BSH-4

Agile Rel. Planning - 2

- VISION
- PROD BKLOG
- ROLES (5-7)
- USER STORY WORKSHOP (50)
breaking up (by R)
- BUS VALUE
 - DRIVERS (3-5)
 - PRIORITY POKER → BVP
- EFFORT $R = \frac{BVP}{SP}$
 - DOD
 - PLANNING POKER → SP
- Risks, Depend, Learnings, MMFS/MVP, other



- Fix IT PLAN

- Comm plan

- Contingency

(RE) ORDER THE WORK

$$Vel = X_{EST}$$

Score
date

\$ \$40,000

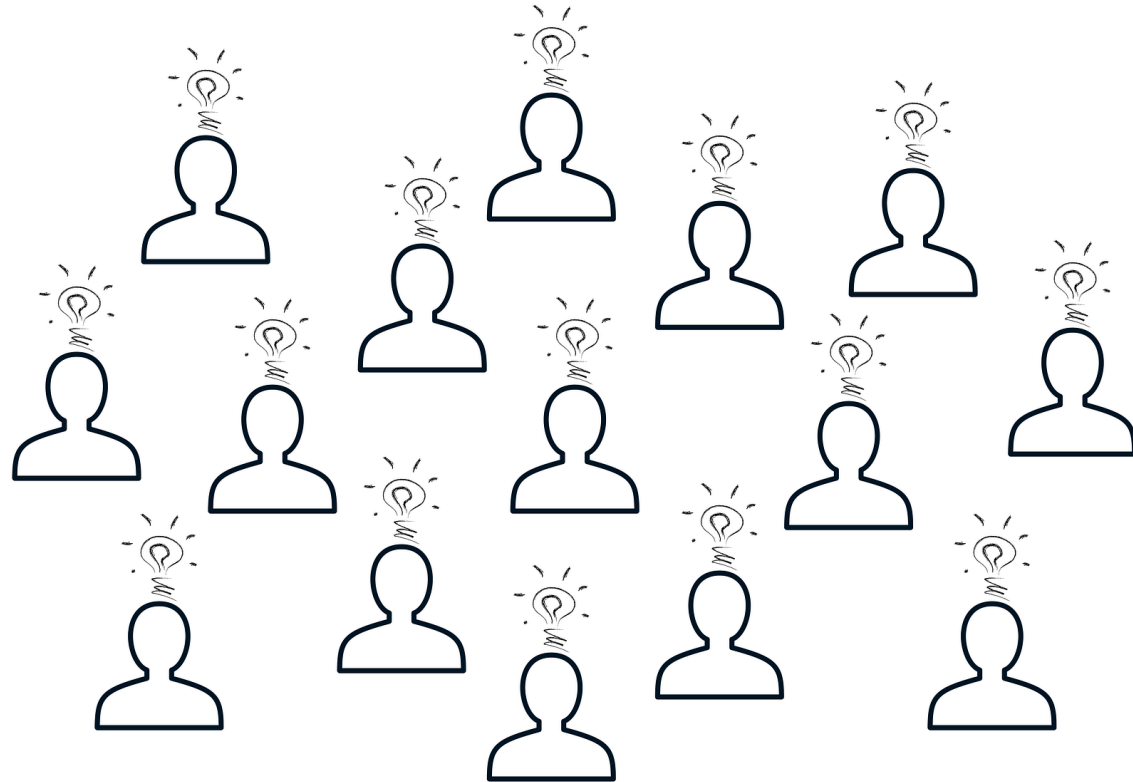
Vision

- We create the vision together in 20 minutes on one flipchart sheet.
- It is rather abstract and not so well understood (yet).
- But everyone participates (or at least everyone can).
- Everyone agrees. That is it!



Product Backlog 1

- We identify 5-7 roles.
- These are the actors or personas or roles that we will use in the user stories.
- Our “customers”
- These are NOT the roles in the Team.
- This should only take about **10 minutes.**
- Yes, worth more time later.



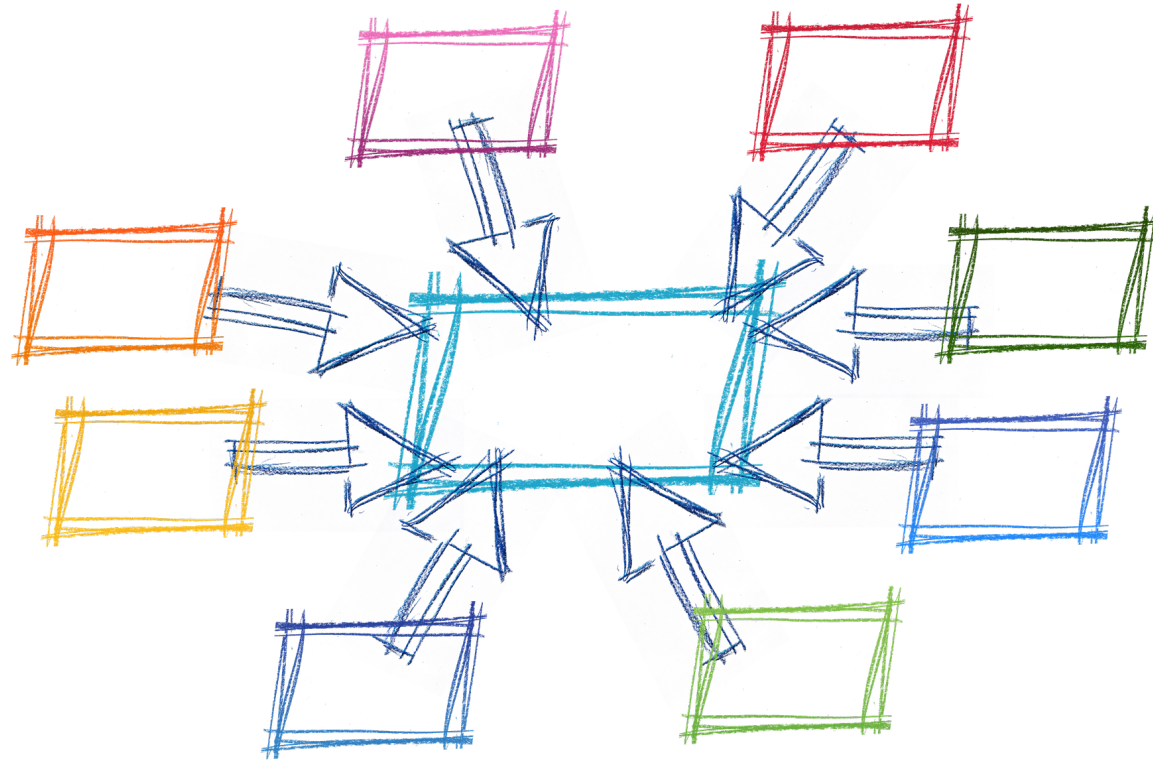
Product Backlog 2

- We then start to create the Product Backlog together.
- Everyone participates.
- Start creating User Stories (3 parts).
- We need about 50 (60) stories.
 - 12 Sprints x 8 stories = 96
—> 50 stories today
- This takes 15-30 minutes.



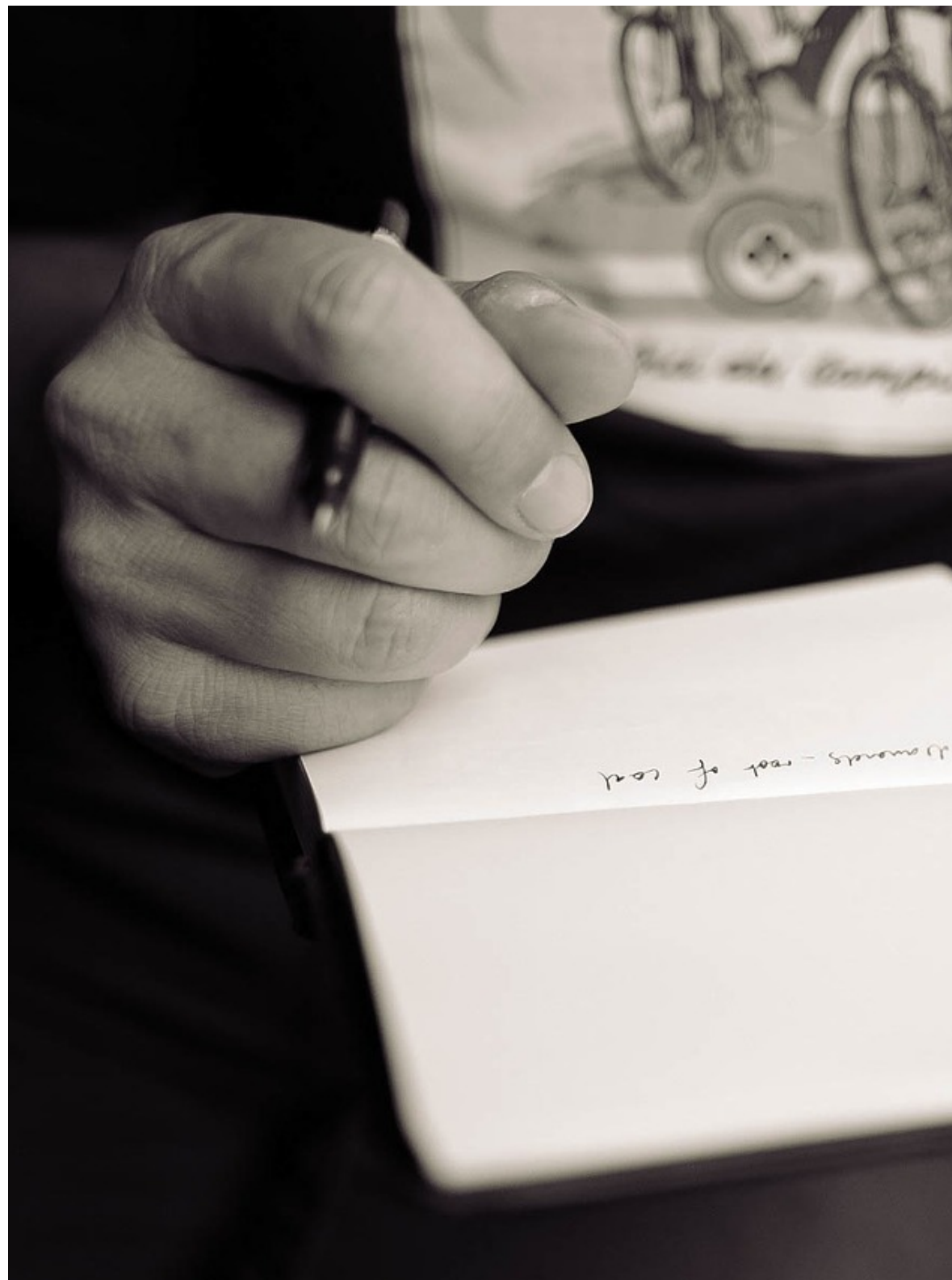
Business Value 1

- First, we identify the Drivers. 3-5 Drivers.
- The Drivers are **why** we are doing this project.
- They are metrics or KPIs or **OKRs**.
- With them we can prove later that we hit the bullseye (if we did).
- They make it much clearer, in numerical form, why we are doing this project or product or work. **Motivation.**



Business Value 2

- We then do Priority Poker.
- Or, the 5 best people for Business Value use the Fibonacci cards to estimate Business Value Points (BVPs).
- These people should be the 4 Business Stakeholders and the PO.
- The Implementers watch and learn.
- They identify the highest BV story. Give it 100 BVPs.
- All other cards are compared to that reference story, and voted.
- This should take about 1 hour.



Work 1

- We review the DOD.
- The DOD identifies the work that happens in the Sprint that we must estimate with the Story Points.
- This helps the estimators (of effort) estimate more consistently.
- Note: The estimators of BV are completely different than the estimators of Work.



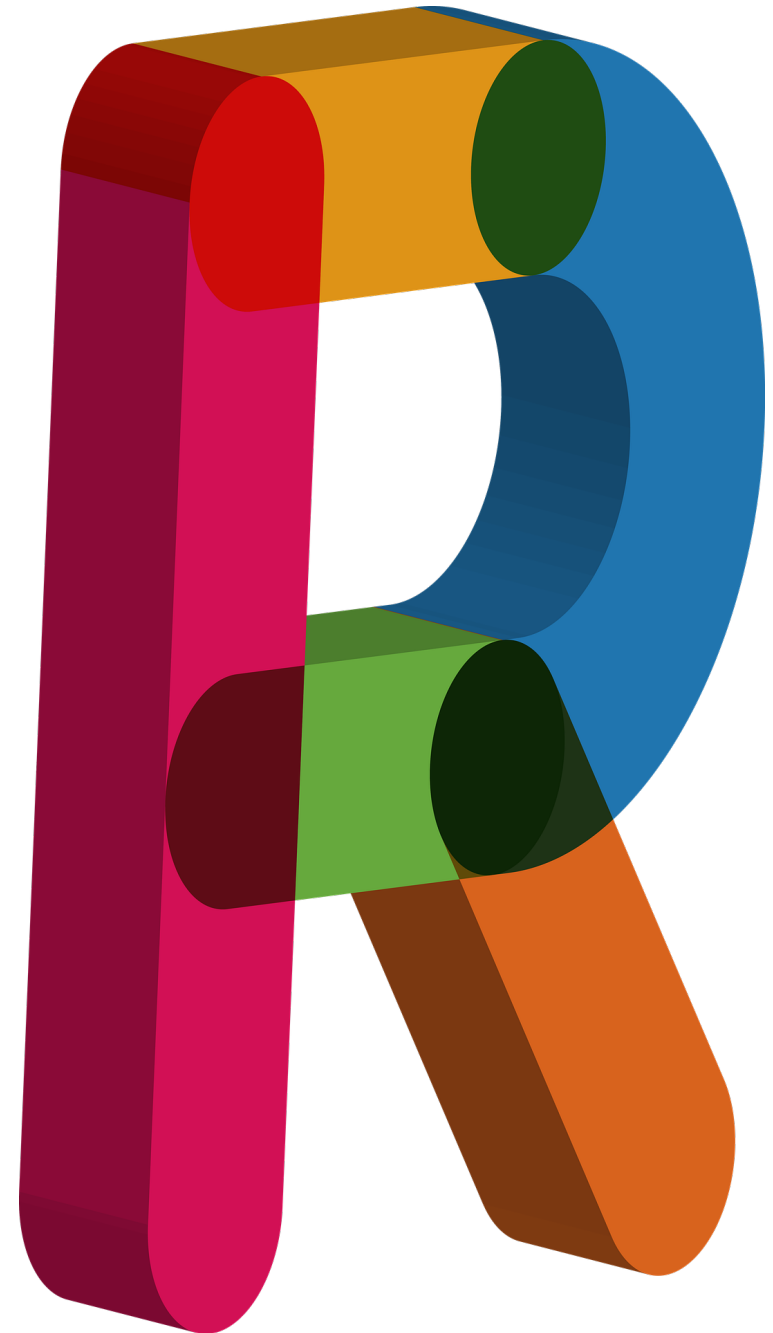
Work 2

- The SM and an outside expert pick the reference story for work. It should be small, typically about 1 “ideal day” of work, in their opinion.
- These details are NOT discussed with the team.
- The 5 Developers use the Fibonacci cards to estimate the work. Everyone votes regarding the full effort.
- This takes about 1 hour plus, maybe 75 minutes.



R Factor 1

- For each story, we calculate BVP/SP.
- This is called the **R Factor**.
- It represents:
 - ROI
 - Bang for the Buck
 - Cost-Benefit Analysis
 - Identifying the low-hanging fruit



R Factor 2

- It takes the team about 4 minutes to calculate the R Factor.
- And it takes them about 4 minutes to organize the Product Backlog in R order.
- Everyone participates! (Well, usually about 4 do it.)
- Now the Product Backlog should, for the moment, be strictly in R Factor order.



Reflection

- The Product Backlog will not look “right.”
- You will see that it will need to change, but in some ways it will make sense.
- Then...



Re-ordering the Product Backlog

- We want to re-order the Product Backlog based on other factors, which I propose are:
 - Risks
 - Dependencies
 - Learning
 - MMFS/MVP
 - and other factors
- It will take between 5-30 minutes to re-order the Product Backlog (this time).



Re-order - How?

- Anyone can propose that an item be moved forward (or backward).
- That person must explain why.
- Anyone can disagree, but must explain why.
- Discussion ensues (often).
- If no agreement is reached fairly quickly, the PO must decide (for now).



Scope-Date Trade-off

- The Product Owner “draws the line” where the first [2?] releases are. (Commonly 2 releases)
- They must think through which stories must be in the first release — MVP (first guess).
- This is expected to change, but first guess.



Agile Rel. Planning

ST-7

+ BSH-4

- VISION

- PROD BLOG

- ROLES (5-7)

- USER STORY WORKSHOP (50)

12 Sprints

8+ stories

96

→ 50

- BUS VALUE

- DRIVERS (3-5)

- PRIORITY POKER → BVP

breaking up

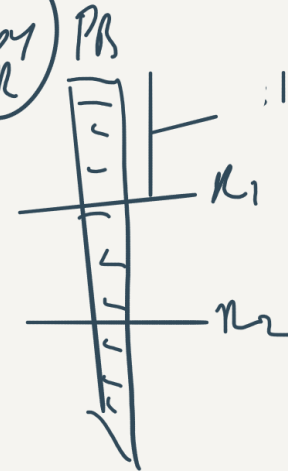
- EFFORT

$$R = \frac{BVP}{SP}$$

- DOD

- PLANNING POKER → SP

(by R)



- RISKS, DEPEND, LEARNING, MMFS/MUP, other

- FIX IT PLAN

- contingency
- Comm plan

(RE) ORDER THE WORK

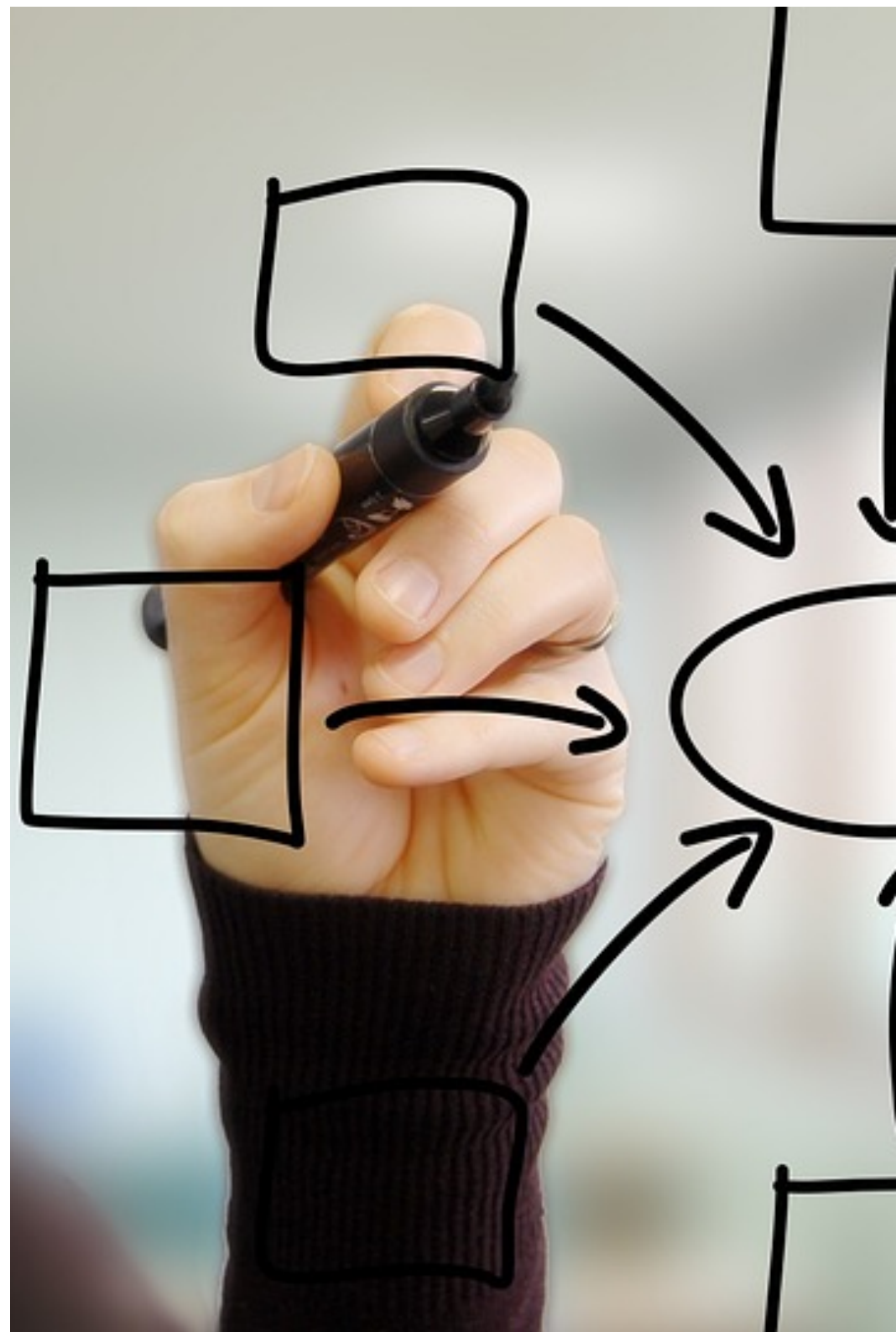
$$Vel = X_{EST}$$

Scope
date \$

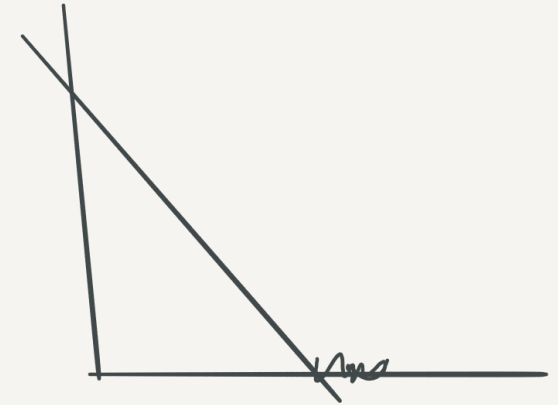
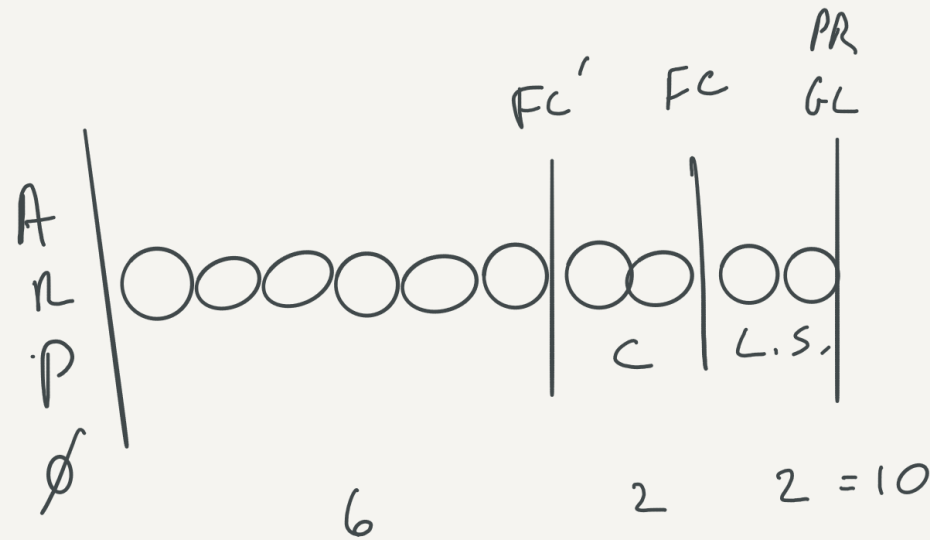
\$40K

How Long?

- We estimate the Velocity of the team (a bit of a fancy calculation).
- A SWAG.
- Then we use that to estimate how many Sprints to complete the first release.
- Include contingency and “landing strip!”



30 Stories, 4SP = 120SP
Vel = 20SP \Rightarrow 6 Sprints



↓
Final Testing

- fuller INT/REG
- UAT ↑
- See Testing
- Load
- Perf.
- UX Testing
- Exploratory

TRAINING

APP'L

DATA MIGRATION

The Budget

- We can take a first guess at the budget.
- \$40K per Sprint x 10 Sprints = a budget of \$400K for the first release.



Finish Up

- Two key discussions:
 - Contingency
 - Communicating the plan changes
- Then: the “Fix-It Plan.”



Contingency

- At Day Zero, you always need a significant amount of “contingency.”
- Contingency because:
 - Life steals people from us.
 - We **never** have all the stories for R1.
 - The stories we have are typically under-estimated.
 - Stuff hitting the golden fans.



Communicating

- The plan will be changing. They should not judge us by ANY plan. They should Trust us (Trust is validated).
- So, how do we educate the managers and the customers so they are comfortable with the changes?
- And so that the managers sing that song at the end ...
- *“You are the champions, my friends....”*



Continuous Improvement

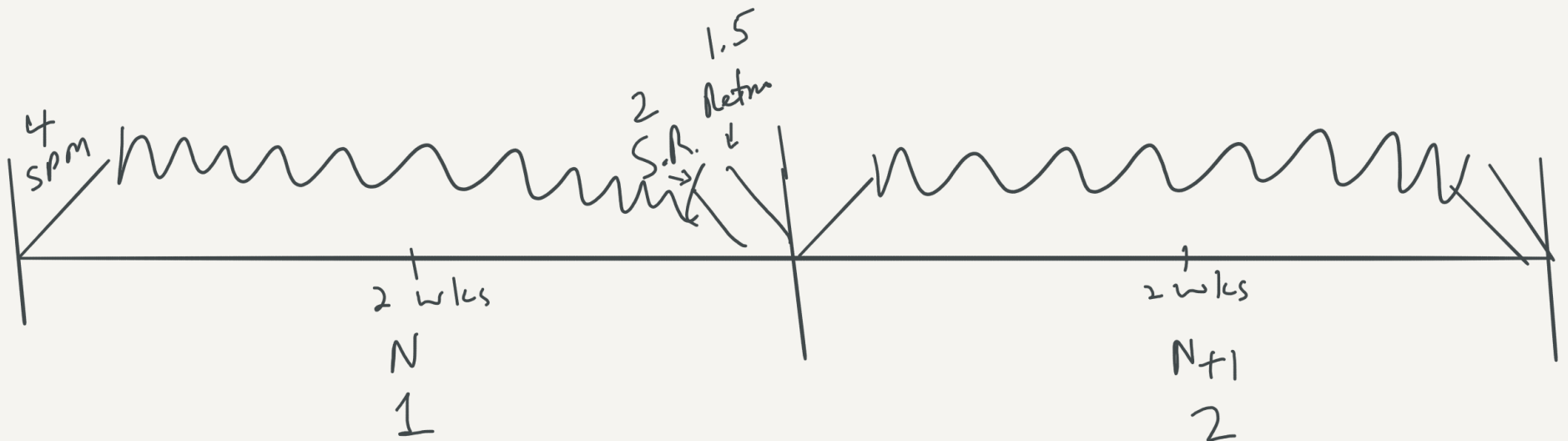
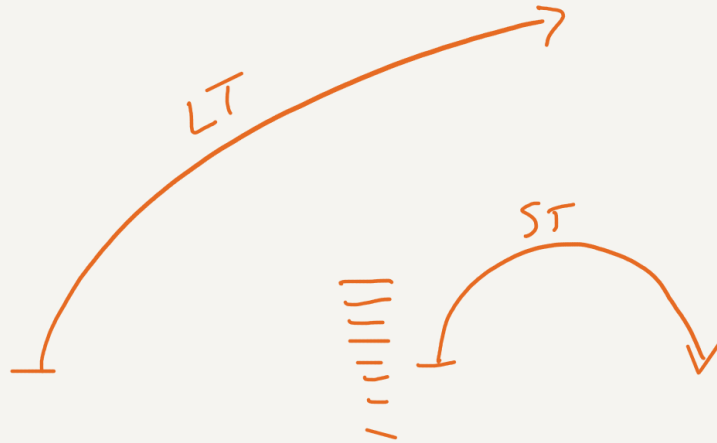
- This is Release Plan Refactoring — a.k.a. Product Backlog Grooming or Product Backlog Refinement.
- I recommend 2 meetings per Sprint (assuming a 2-week Sprint).
- During the Sprint, the team and the Business Stakeholders are learning things that force the plan to change.
- The changes can be good, bad or both.



Rel. Plan Refactoring

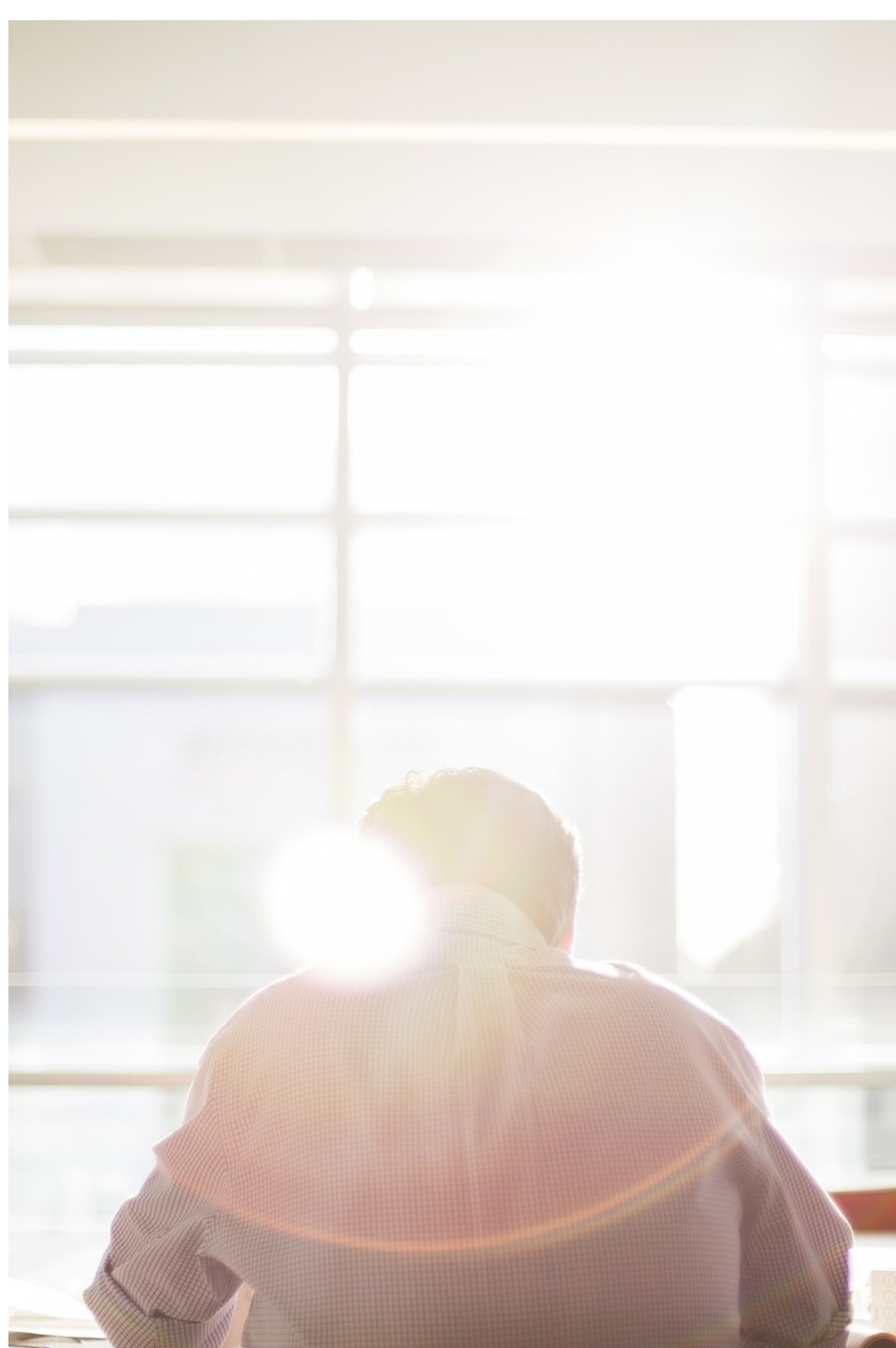
AKA PB Grooming
PB Refinement

R.P.R.



The Keys

- We prioritize our stupidity.
- We improve the plan as we get smarter.
- And we are always trying to get smarter.
- Can things get worse? (late, fewer features, more \$, etc.) Of course they can.



How Can Things Get Better?

Better in that...

- Fewer features are essential for the next release — or fewer story points in total, at least.
- We identify a better direction or just better features.
- The Velocity goes up.
- We fix another impediment that improves things a different way (e.g., higher quality).



Goals for the ARP Day

- They all are on the same page
 - going the same direction.
- Specifically:
 - They all see the same elephant (in multiple dimensions).
 - They all are more motivated.
 - They all have shared MUCH more of the key tacit knowledge. This is BIG!



Questions?

- What are your questions?
- What's your biggest take-away? PLEASE SHARE.
- With your voice.
- Or in the Chat.



Thank you!

Please contact us if we can help you more.

info@leanagiletraining.com

www.LeanAgileTraining.com

We cover this area almost every week in our 1-day Agile Release Planning workshop.

Please join us!

Discussion

- Who wants to start?



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